

## AGENDA

### JEFFERSON COUNTY BOARD MEETING

TUESDAY December 14, 2021 7:00 p.m.

Jefferson County Courthouse  
311 S. Center Avenue, Room 205  
Jefferson, WI 53549

Webinar OR YouTube Livestream

Register in advance for this webinar:

[https://zoom.us/webinar/register/WN\\_N2ghwZR3TQenotKF1KEwmQ](https://zoom.us/webinar/register/WN_N2ghwZR3TQenotKF1KEwmQ)

After registering, you will receive a confirmation email containing information about joining the webinar.

1. **CALL TO ORDER**
2. **ROLL CALL BY COUNTY CLERK**
3. **PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE**
4. **CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE WITH OPEN MEETINGS LAW**
5. **APPROVAL OF THE AGENDA**
6. **APPROVAL OF NOVEMBER 9, 2021 MEETING MINUTES**
7. **COMMUNICATIONS**
  - a. Treasurer's Report
  - b. Zoning Committee – Notice of Public Hearing, December 16, 2021 (Page 1)
8. **PUBLIC COMMENT**
9. **ANNUAL REPORTS**
  - a. Overview of new online per diem system – Oral Rowland
  - b. Administration - Ben Wehmeier
  - c. Treasurer – John Jensen
  - d. Zoning/Land Information – Matt Zangl
10. **COUNTY ADMINISTRATOR**
  - a. Resolution - Authorizing Jefferson County to Enter into the Settlement Agreements with McKesson Corporation, Cardinal Health, Inc., AmerisourceBergen Corporation, Johnson & Johnson, Janssen Pharmaceuticals, Inc., Ortho-McNeil-Janssen Pharmaceuticals, Inc., and Janssen Pharmaceutica, Inc., Agree to the Terms of the Memorandum of Understanding Allocating Settlement Proceeds, and Authorize Entry into the Memorandum of Understanding with the Wisconsin Attorney General (Page 3)
11. **FINANCE COMMITTEE**
  - a. Resolution – Ehlers Investment Advisory Services to manage bond proceeds (Page 33)
12. **PLANNING AND ZONING COMMITTEE**
  - a. Report – Approval of Petitions (Page 34)
  - b. Ordinance – Amending Official Zoning Map (Page 35)

13. **APPOINTMENTS BY COUNTY ADMINISTRATOR** (Page 36)
  - a. Michael Clish to the Veterans Service Commission for a three-year term ending December 13, 2024.
  - b. Brandon White to the Veterans Service Commission for a three-year term ending December 13, 2024.
14. **PUBLIC COMMENT** (General)
15. **ANNOUNCEMENTS**
16. **ADJOURN**

**NEXT COUNTY BOARD MEETINGS**

**January 11, 2022  
7:00 P.M. – RM 205**

**NOTICE OF PUBLIC HEARING**  
**JEFFERSON COUNTY PLANNING AND ZONING COMMITTEE**

*George Jaeckel, Chair; Steve Nass, Vice-Chair; Blane Poulson, Secretary; Matt Foelker and Lloyd Zastrow*

**SUBJECT:** Map Amendments to the Jefferson County Zoning Ordinance, Requests for Conditional Use Permits and a Text Amendment to the Jefferson County Zoning Ordinance

**DATE:** Thursday, December 16, 2021

**TIME:** 7:00 p.m. (*Courthouse doors will open at 6:30*)

**PLACE:** Room 205, Jefferson County Courthouse, 311 S. Center Ave., Jefferson, WI  
**OR Via Zoom Videoconference**

**PETITIONERS OR MEMBERS OF THE PUBLIC MAY ATTEND THE MEETING VIRTUALLY BY FOLLOWING THESE INSTRUCTIONS IF THEY CHOOSE NOT TO ATTEND IN PERSON:**

You are invited to a Zoom meeting.  
When: December 16, 2021 07:00 PM Central Time (US and Canada)  
Meeting ID: 957 3344 0565  
Passcode: Zoning  
Register in advance for this meeting:  
<https://zoom.us/j/95733440565?pwd=eHZRbHZXWXhlUnlKdkhtOXhoTmtNZz09>  
After registering, you will receive a confirmation email containing information about joining the meeting.

1. **Call to Order**
2. **Roll Call**
3. **Certification of Compliance with Open Meetings Law**
4. **Approval of Agenda**
5. **Explanation of Public Hearing Process by Committee Chair**
6. **Public Hearing**

**NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN** that the Jefferson County Planning and Zoning Committee will conduct a public hearing on Thursday, December 16, 2021, in Room 205 of the Jefferson County Courthouse, Jefferson, Wisconsin. Members of the public will be allowed to be heard regarding any petition under consideration by the Planning and Zoning Committee. **PETITIONERS, OR THEIR REPRESENTATIVES SHALL BE PRESENT EITHER IN PERSON OR VIA ZOOM.** Matters to be heard are petitions to amend the official zoning map of Jefferson County, applications for conditional use permits and a Jefferson County Zoning Ordinance text amendment. A map of the properties affected may be obtained from the Zoning Department. Individual files, which include staff finding of fact, are available for viewing between the hours of 8 a.m. and 4:30 p.m., Monday through Friday, excepting holidays. If you have questions regarding these matters, please contact Zoning at 920-674-7131.

**FROM A-1, EXCLUSIVE AGRICULTURAL TO A-3, AGRICULTURAL/RURAL RESIDENTIAL**

**R4363A-21 – Jodi Goldbeck/Gary Goldbeck Revocable Living Trust:** Create a 2.444-ac lot around the home at **N5049 Inlynd Dr**, Town of Concord from part of PIN 006-0716-3541-000 (40.434 ac). This is in accordance with Sec. 11.04(f)8 of the Jefferson County Zoning Ordinance.

**R4364A-21 – Jodi Goldbeck/Gary Goldbeck Revocable Living Trust:** Create a new 2.002-ac building site near **N5049 Inlynd Dr**, Town of Concord from part of PIN 006-0716-3541-000 (40.434 ac). This is in accordance with Sec. 11.04(f)8 of the Jefferson County Zoning Ordinance.

**R4365A-21 - Jodi Goldbeck/Gary Goldbeck Revocable Living Trust:** Create a new 2.004-ac building site near **N5049 Inlynd Drive**, Town of Concord from part of PIN 006-0716-3541-000 (40.434 acres). This is in accordance with Sec. 11.04(f)8 of the Jefferson County Zoning Ordinance.

**R4366A-21 – Derek Kramer:** Create a new 2.07-acre building site on **Hillside Dr**, Town of Concord from part of PINs 006-0716-2932-000 (35.81 ac) and 006-0716-2933-000 (12.894 ac). This is in accordance with Sec. 11.04(f)8 of the Jefferson County Zoning Ordinance.

**R4367A-21 – Anthony & Sharon Pugh/Nancy Metzger Trust:** Create a 2.88-ac lot at **W1008 Concord Center Dr**, Town of Concord from part of PINs 006-0716-1513-002 (4.351 ac) owned by Nancy Metzger Trust and 006-0716-1542-005 (2.281 ac) owned by the Pughs. This is in accordance with Sec. 11.04(f)8 of the Jefferson County Zoning Ordinance.

**R4368A-21 – Jill Strieter:** Create two new 3.23-ac new building sites from part of PIN 006-0716-2922-000 (30 ac), Town of Concord near **N5640 Hillside Dr**. This is in accordance with Sec. 11.04(f)8 of the Jefferson County Zoning Ordinance.

**R4369A-21 – Gregory & Katie Stahl:** Create a new 2.4-ac building site near **N3173 Willing Rd**, Town of Hebron from part of PIN 010-0615-3013-000 (40 ac). This is in accordance with Sec. 11.04(f)8 of the Jefferson County Zoning Ordinance.

**R4370A-21 – Joseph Carnes:** Create two new 1-ac building site on **Hardscrabble Rd**, Town of Sullivan from part of PIN 026-0616-3633-000 (29.339 ac). This is in accordance with Sec. 11.04(f)8 of the Jefferson County Zoning Ordinance.

**R4371A-21 – Jeffrey S Butzke dba Compass Surveying/Robb & Christine Bender Property:** Create a 1.882-ac lot around the home and buildings at **W4962 County Rd T**, Town of Watertown from part of PIN 032-0914-0114-000 (40 ac). This is in accordance with Sec. 11.04(f)8 of the Jefferson County Zoning Ordinance.

#### FROM A-1, EXCLUSIVE AGRICULTURAL TO N, NATURAL RESOURCES

**R4372A-21 – Terri Mohr/Robert L Lewein Trust Property:** Create a 9.15-ac Natural Resource zone near **W7806 Island Church Rd**, Town of Waterloo, on PIN 030-0813-1443-000 (37 ac). This is in accordance with Sec. 11.04(f)12 of the Jefferson County Zoning Ordinance.

#### FROM A-3, AGRICULTURAL/RURAL RESIDENTIAL TO A-2, AGRICULTURAL AND RURAL BUSINESS

**R4349A-21 – Ryan Rittenhouse:** Rezone PIN 028-0513-0921-002 (1 acre) near **W8743 Danielson Rd**, Town of Sumner. This is in accordance with Sec. 11.04(f)7 of the Jefferson County Zoning Ordinance.

#### CONDITIONAL USE PERMIT APPLICATIONS

**CU2086-21 – Ryan Rittenhouse:** Allow a conditional home occupation plumbing business in a proposed A-2 zone near **W8743 Danielson Rd**, Town of Sumner, on PIN 028-0513-0921-002 (1 ac). This is in accordance with Sec. 11.04(f)7 of the Jefferson County Zoning Ordinance.

**CU2101 – Brian Statz:** Allow a conditional use for public/semi-public use in an existing A-2 zone for a daycare and recreation center at **N4885 County Rd D**, Town of Jefferson on PIN 014-0615-0221-029 (2 ac). This is in accordance with Sec. 11.04(f)7 of the Jefferson County Zoning Ordinance.

**CU2102-21 – Jerry & Tracy Suber:** Allow for up to five dogs in an A-3 zone at **N7823 French Rd**, Town of Milford on PIN 020-0814-2741-002 (1.151 ac). This is in accordance with Sec. 11.04(f)8 of the Jefferson County Zoning Ordinance.

**CU2103-21 – J&K Strauss Trust:** Allow for mineral extraction in an A-1 zone near **W7781 Rock Lake Rd** on PINs 030-0813-2742-001 (12.988 ac) and 030-0813-2743-000 (21 ac) in the Town of Waterloo. This is in accordance with Sec. 11.04(f)6 of the Jefferson County Zoning Ordinance.

Wisconsin Administrative Code Chapter NR 135 requires the public have the opportunity to review non-metallic mining reclamation plans. An amended plan has been submitted for the above noted property. The amended plan is available for review at the Land & Water Conservation Department, Room 113 of the Jefferson County Courthouse during regular business hours.

#### TEXT AMENDMENT TO THE JEFFERSON COUNTY ZONING ORDINANCE

**R4373T-21 – Jefferson County:** 2021 Update to the Jefferson County Zoning Ordinance.

#### 7. Adjourn

A quorum of any Jefferson County Committee, Board, Commission or other body, including the Jefferson County Board of Supervisors, may be present at this meeting.

*Individuals requiring special accommodations for attendance at the meeting should contact the County Administrator at 920-674-7101 at least 24 hours prior to the meeting so appropriate arrangements can be made.*

A digital recording of the meeting will be available in the Zoning Department upon request.

*Additional information on Zoning can be found at [www.jeffersoncountywi.gov](http://www.jeffersoncountywi.gov)*

## RESOLUTION NO. 2021-\_\_\_\_\_

### **Authorizing Jefferson County to Enter into the Settlement Agreements with McKesson Corporation, Cardinal Health, Inc., AmerisourceBergen Corporation, Johnson & Johnson, Janssen Pharmaceuticals, Inc., Ortho-McNeil-Janssen Pharmaceuticals, Inc., and Janssen Pharmaceutica, Inc., Agree to the Terms of the Memorandum of Understanding Allocating Settlement Proceeds, and Authorize Entry into the Memorandum of Understanding with the Wisconsin Attorney General**

#### Executive Summary

Between 1999 and 2013, the amount of opioids dispensed in the United States quadrupled, with nearly 207 million opioid prescriptions being written in 2013 and almost 259 million in 2014. Opioid sales were nearly \$10 billion in 2015. According to 2015 data from the National Survey on Drug Use and Health, in 2013 over one third of United States citizens had used prescription opioids, with a significant number of those resulting in addiction. The Wisconsin Counties Association has researched this issue and found that lawsuits filed in other states have alleged that certain pharmaceutical companies knew that profits could significantly increase if they were able to market and sell opioids for long-term use. In order to expand their market and achieve a dramatic increase in profits, some companies decided to create a marketing campaign designed to give the medical community and the public the false impression that opioids were safe for long-term use. This false marketing campaign is responsible for what is commonly referred to as the Opioid Epidemic. On October 10, 2017 the Jefferson County Board of Supervisors adopted Resolution number 2017-39 which authorized the County Administrator to execute the necessary documents to proceed with a lawsuit on behalf of Jefferson County.

Lawsuits have been filed on behalf of 70 other Wisconsin counties and all Wisconsin cases were coordinated with thousands of other lawsuits throughout the country. Pursuing claims against certain opioid manufacturers will hold those persons and entities that had a significant role in the creation of the Opioid Epidemic responsible for the financial costs incurred by Jefferson County and other public agencies across the state and country in dealing with the Opioid Epidemic.

This resolution authorizes Jefferson County to enter into the following: Settlement Agreements; an Allocation Memorandum of Understanding; an Attorney General Memorandum of Understanding; and to establish the County's Opioid Abatement Account and the Attorney Fees Account to settle pending litigation with the opioid companies named in this resolution. The Jefferson County Board was briefed in closed session on November 9, 2021 on the status of the settlement agreement and this resolution is consistent with the information provided. The Executive Committee and Finance Committee were provided a draft version of this resolution. Due to time constraints, no formal action was taken by either Committee, but there is general support from these Committees, endorsed by the County Board Chair and 1<sup>st</sup> Vice-Chair/Executive Committee Chair, to send a resolution to the County Board to authorize Jefferson County to settle pending litigation with the Opioid Defendants under the terms described in this resolution. The terms of the settlement require all parties to sign the agreement and related documents no later than January 2, 2022.

**WHEREAS**, the Jefferson County Board of Supervisors authorized Jefferson County to enter into an engagement agreement with von Briesen & Roper, S.C., Crueger Dickinson, LLC and Simmons Hanly Conroy, LLC (the “Law Firms”) to pursue litigation against certain manufacturers, distributors, and retailers of opioid pharmaceuticals (the “Opioid Defendants”) in an effort to hold the Opioid Defendants financially responsible for the County’s expenditure of vast money and resources to combat the opioid epidemic, and

**WHEREAS**, on behalf of Jefferson County, the Law Firms filed a lawsuit against the Opioid Defendants, and

**WHEREAS**, the Law Firms filed similar lawsuits on behalf of 66 other Wisconsin counties and all Wisconsin cases were coordinated with thousands of other lawsuits filed against the same or substantially similar parties as the Opioid Defendants in the Northern District of Ohio, captioned *In re: Opioid Litigation*, MDL 2804 (the “Litigation”), and

**WHEREAS**, four (4) additional Wisconsin counties (Milwaukee, Dane, Waukesha, and Walworth) hired separate counsel and joined the Litigation, and

**WHEREAS**, since the inception of the Litigation, the Law Firms have coordinated with counsel from around the country (including counsel for Milwaukee, Dane, Waukesha, and Walworth Counties) to prepare Jefferson County’s case for trial and engage in extensive settlement discussions with the Opioid Defendants, and

**WHEREAS**, the settlement discussions with McKesson Corporation, Cardinal Health, Inc., AmerisourceBergen Corporation, Johnson & Johnson, Janssen Pharmaceuticals, Inc., Ortho-McNeil-Janssen Pharmaceuticals, Inc., and Janssen Pharmaceutica, Inc. (the “Settling Defendants”) resulted in a tentative agreement as to settlement terms pending agreement from the County and other plaintiffs involved in the Litigation, and

**WHEREAS**, copies of the Distributors Settlement Agreement and Janssen Settlement Agreement (collectively “Settlement Agreements”) representing the terms of the tentative settlement agreements with the Settling Defendants have been provided to Jefferson County and may be viewed at [www.nationalopioidsettlement.com](http://www.nationalopioidsettlement.com) and at the Jefferson County Clerk’s Office.

**WHEREAS**, the Settlement Agreements provide, among other things, for the payment of certain sums to Participating Subdivisions (as defined in the Settlement Agreements) upon the occurrence of certain events detailed in the Settlement Agreements, and

**WHEREAS**, Jefferson County is a Participating Subdivision in the Settlement Agreements and has the opportunity to participate in the benefits associated with the Settlement Agreement provided the County (a) approves the Settlement Agreements; (b) approves the Memorandum of Understanding allocating proceeds from the Settlement Agreements among the various Wisconsin Participating Subdivisions, a copy of which is attached to this Resolution (the “Allocation MOU”); (c) approves the Memorandum of Understanding with the Wisconsin Attorney General regarding allocation of settlement proceeds, a copy of which is attached to this Resolution (the “AG MOU”); and (d) the Legislature’s Joint Committee on Finance approves the terms of the Settlement Agreements and the AG MOU, and

**WHEREAS**, 2021 Wisconsin Act 57 created Section 165.12 of the Wisconsin Statutes relating to the settlement of all or part of the Litigation, and

**WHEREAS**, pursuant to Wis. Stat. § 165.12(2), the Legislature’s Joint Committee on Finance is required to approve the Settlement Agreements and the AG MOU, and

**WHEREAS**, pursuant to Wis. Stat. § 165.12(2), the proceeds from any settlement of all or part of the Litigation are distributed 70% to local governments in Wisconsin that are parties to the Litigation and 30% to the State, and

**WHEREAS**, Wis. Stat. § 165.12(4)(b)2. provides the proceeds from the Settlement Agreement must be deposited in a segregated account (the “Opioid Abatement Account”) and may be expended only for approved uses for opioid abatement as provided in the Settlement Agreements, and

**WHEREAS**, Wis. Stat. § 165.12(7) bars claims from any Wisconsin local government against the Opioid Defendants filed after June 1, 2021, and

**WHEREAS**, the definition of Participating Subdivisions in the Settlement Agreements recognizes a statutory bar on claims such as that set forth in Wis. Stat. § 165.12(7) and, as a result, the only Participating Subdivisions in Wisconsin are those counties and municipalities that were parties to the Litigation (or otherwise actively litigating a claim against one, some, or all of the Opioid Defendants) as of June 1, 2021, and

**WHEREAS**, the Legislature’s Joint Committee on Finance is not statutorily authorized or required to approve the allocation of proceeds of the Settlement Agreements among Wisconsin Participating Subdivisions, and

**WHEREAS**, the Law Firms have engaged in extensive discussions with counsel for all other Wisconsin Participating Subdivisions resulting in the proposed Allocation MOU, which is an agreement between all of the entities identified in the Allocation MOU as to how the proceeds payable to those entities under the Settlement Agreements will be allocated, and

**WHEREAS**, there is provided with this Resolution a summary of the essential terms of the Settlement Agreements, the deadlines related to the effective dates of the Settlement Agreements, the ramifications associated with the County’s refusal to enter into the Settlement Agreements, the form of the Allocation MOU, the form of the AG MOU, and an overview of the process for finalizing the Settlement Agreements, and

**WHEREAS**, Jefferson County, by this Resolution, will be required to establish the Opioid Abatement Account for the receipt of the proceeds of the Settlement Agreements consistent with the terms of this Resolution, and

**WHEREAS**, the County’s Opioid Abatement Account is required to be separate from the County’s general fund, not be commingled with any other County funds, and dedicated to funding opioid abatement measures as provided in the Settlement Agreements, and

**WHEREAS**, pursuant to the County’s engagement agreement with the Law Firms, Jefferson County will be required to pay up to an amount equal to 25% of the proceeds from successful resolution of all or part of the Litigation, whether through settlement or otherwise, plus the Law Firms’ costs and disbursements, to the Law Firms as compensation for the Law Firms’ efforts in the Litigation and any settlement, and

**WHEREAS**, the Law Firms anticipate making application to the national fee fund established in the Settlement Agreements seeking payment, in whole or part, of the fees, costs, and disbursements owed the Law Firms pursuant to the engagement agreement with the County, and

**WHEREAS**, it is anticipated the amount of any award from the fee fund established in the Settlement Agreements will be insufficient to satisfy the County’s obligations under the engagement agreement with the Law Firms, and

**WHEREAS**, Jefferson County, by this Resolution, and pursuant to the authority granted the County in the applicable Order emanating from the Litigation in relation to the Settlement Agreements and payment of attorney fees, will authorize the execution of an Escrow Agreement, which shall among other things direct the escrow agent responsible for the receipt and distribution of the proceeds from the Settlement Agreements to establish an account for the purpose of segregating funds to pay the fees, costs, and disbursements of the Law Firms owed by the County (the “Attorney Fees Account”) in order to fund a state-level “backstop” for payment of the fees, costs, and disbursements of the Law Firms, and

**WHEREAS**, in no event shall payments to the Law Firms out of the Attorney Fees Account and the fee fund established in the Settlement Agreements exceed an amount equal to 25% of the amounts allocated to Jefferson County in the Allocation MOU, and

**WHEREAS**, the intent of this Resolution is to authorize Jefferson County to enter into the Settlement Agreements, the Allocation MOU, and the AG MOU, establish the County’s Opioid Abatement Account, and establish the Attorney Fees Account, and

**WHEREAS**, Jefferson County, by this Resolution, authorizes the County’s corporation counsel to finalize and execute any escrow agreement and other document or agreement necessary to effectuate the Settlement Agreements and the other agreements referenced herein.

**NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED** that the Jefferson County Board of Supervisors hereby approves:

1. The execution of the Distributors Settlement Agreement and any and all documents ancillary thereto and authorizes the Board Chair to execute same.
2. The execution of the Janssen Settlement Agreement and any and all documents ancillary thereto and authorizes the Board Chair to execute same.
3. The final negotiation and execution of the Allocation MOU in a form substantially similar to that presented with this Resolution and any and all documents ancillary thereto and authorizes the Board Chair to execute same upon finalization provided the percentage share identified as allocated to the County is substantially similar to that identified in the Allocation MOU provided to the Board with this Resolution.
4. The final negotiation and execution of the AG MOU in a form substantially similar to that presented with this Resolution and any and all documents ancillary thereto and authorizes the Board Chair to execute same.
5. The corporation counsel’s negotiation and execution of the Escrow Agreement for the receipt and disbursement of the proceeds of the Settlement Agreements as referenced in the Allocation MOU.

**BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED** Jefferson County hereby establishes an account separate and distinct from the County’s general fund which shall be titled “Opioid Abatement Account.” All proceeds from the Settlement Agreements not otherwise directed to the Attorney Fees Account established under the Escrow Agreement shall be deposited in the Opioid Abatement Account. The Opioid Abatement Account shall be administered consistent with the terms of this Resolution, Wis. Stat. § 165.12(4), and the Settlement Agreements.

**BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED** Jefferson County hereby authorizes the escrow agent under the Escrow Agreement to establish an account separate and distinct from any account containing funds allocated or allocable to the County which shall be referred to by the County as the “Attorney Fees Account.” The escrow agent shall deposit a sum equal to up to, but in no event exceeding, an amount equal to 20% of the County’s proceeds from the Settlement Agreements into the Attorney Fees Account. If the payments to the County are not enough to fully fund the Attorney Fees Account as provided herein because such payments are made over time, the Attorney Fees Account shall be funded by placing up to, but in no event exceeding, an amount equal to 20% of the proceeds from the Settlement Agreements attributable to Local Governments (as that term is defined in the Allocation MOU) into the Attorney Fees Account for each payment. Funds in the Attorney Fees Account shall be utilized to pay the fees, costs, and disbursements owed to the Law Firms pursuant to the engagement agreement between the County and the Law Firms provided, however, the Law Firms shall receive no more than that to which they are entitled under their fee contract when considering the amounts paid the Law Firms from the fee fund established in the Settlement Agreements and allocable to the County. The Law Firms may make application for payment from the Attorney Fees Account at any time and the County shall cooperate with the Law Firms in executing any documents necessary for the escrow agent to make payments out of the Attorney Fees Account.

**BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED** that all actions heretofore taken by the Jefferson County Board of Supervisors and other appropriate public officers and agents of the County with respect to the matters contemplated under this Resolution are hereby ratified, confirmed and approved.

*Fiscal Note: Jefferson County’s allocation of the settlement, is \$2,959,875.98 with a net amount after attorney fees, of \$2,367,901. This amount may increase based on additional attorney fees being paid by the national attorney fee fund. This settlement will be paid out over the course of 18 years beginning in April of 2022. An initial needs assessment will be conducted by Jefferson County staff and stakeholders to determine the best use of these funds for the upcoming year that will be guided by allowed uses under Exhibit “E” as attached. Recommended uses and a corresponding budget adjustment will be reviewed by the Finance Committee for recommendation to the Board of Supervisors. Beyond 2022, programs or program enhancements arising from this settlement shall be reviewed on an annual basis through the budget process to determine that the funds are being directed towards the highest needs of Jefferson County.*

Referred By:  
County Administrator following review by the  
Executive Committee and Finance Committee

12-14-2021

REVIEWED: County Administrator: BPW Corporation Counsel: JBW Finance Director: MAD

## WISCONSIN LOCAL GOVERNMENT MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING

**WHEREAS**, the people of the State of Wisconsin (“State”) and its communities have been harmed by misfeasance, nonfeasance and malfeasance committed by certain entities that engage in or have engaged in the manufacture, marketing, promotion, distribution or dispensing of an opioid analgesic, including but not limited to those persons or entities identified as Defendants in the matter captioned *In re: Opioid Litigation*, MDL 2804 pending in the United States District Court for the Northern District of Ohio (“Litigation”);

**WHEREAS**, certain Wisconsin local governments identified on the attached Exhibit A (“Local Governments”), through their counsel, are separately engaged in litigation and settlement discussions seeking to hold the Defendants in the Litigation accountable for the damage caused by their misfeasance, nonfeasance and malfeasance;

**WHEREAS**, the Local Governments share a common desire to abate and alleviate the impacts of the misfeasance, nonfeasance and malfeasance described above throughout the State of Wisconsin and in its local communities;

**WHEREAS**, the settlement discussions with McKesson Corporation, Cardinal Health, Inc., AmerisourceBergen Corporation, Johnson & Johnson, Janssen Pharmaceuticals, Inc., Ortho-McNeil-Janssen Pharmaceuticals, Inc., and Janssen Pharmaceutica, Inc. (“Settling Defendants”) resulted in a tentative agreement as to settlement terms (“Settlement Agreements”) pending agreement from the State of Wisconsin, the Local Governments and other plaintiffs involved in the Litigation;

**WHEREAS**, the Settlement Agreements provide, among other things, for the payment of certain sums to Participating Subdivisions (as defined in the Settlement Agreements) upon the occurrence of certain events detailed in the Settlement Agreements;

**WHEREAS**, while the Local Governments recognize that the sums which may be available from the aforementioned litigation will likely be insufficient to fully abate the public health crisis caused by the Opioid epidemic, they share a common interest in dedicating the most resources possible to the abatement effort; and

**WHEREAS**, the Local Governments intend this Local Government Memorandum of Understanding (“MOU”) to effectuate the terms of the Settlement Agreements and allocate the proceeds of the Settlement Agreements to each of the Local Governments in percentages substantially similar to those identified on the attached Exhibit A.

**NOW, THEREFORE**, the Local Governments enter into this MOU upon the terms described herein.

1. The Local Governments shall in good faith cooperate and negotiate with the State to identify an appropriate escrow agent (“Escrow Agent”) and, thereafter, prepare an Escrow Agreement relating to the receipt and distribution of the proceeds payable to the State and the Local Governments under the Settlement Agreements (“Opioid

Funds”) consistent with the terms of the MOU between the State and the Local Governments and otherwise consistent with this MOU. The Escrow Agreement shall govern the Escrow Agent’s receipt and distribution of all Opioid Funds.

2. The Escrow Agreement shall authorize the escrow agent to establish an account separate and distinct from any account containing funds allocated or allocable to a Local Government which shall be referred to herein as the “Attorney Fees Account.” Pursuant to Wis. Stat. § 165.12(6) a sum up to but in no event exceeding an amount equal to 20% of the total proceeds from the Settlement Agreements attributable to Local Governments shall be deposited into the Attorney Fees Account. If the payments from a single year are not enough to fully fund the Attorney Fees Account as provided herein because such payments are made over time, the Attorney Fees Account shall be funded by placing up to, but in no event exceeding, an amount equal to 20% of each payment. A minimum of 80% of the Settlement proceeds attributable to Local Governments shall be paid to each Local Government’s segregated Opioid Abatement Account, which may be expended only for approved uses for opioid abatement as provided in the Settlement Agreements and supporting Memorandums of Understanding. Funds in the Attorney Fees Account shall be utilized to pay the fees, costs, and disbursements of counsel to a Local Government. The Attorney Fees Account shall be further split and attributed among the Local Governments according to the allocation percentages set forth on Exhibit A and counsel shall make application, and receive payment, only on the allocations within the Attorney Fees Account attributable to its clients. The parties shall cooperate in the appointment of a Special Master in the event of any disputes. Any amounts paid counsel from the national fee fund established in the Settlement Agreements and allocable to the Local Government will be deducted from the Attorneys’ Fees Account so that no counsel to the Local Government may recover more than their fee contract with the Local Government. Any excess amounts remaining in the Attorney Fee Fund after funds have been allocated and paid to counsel shall revert back to the Local Governments and the escrow agent shall allocate such sums to Local Governments based on the allocation set forth on Exhibit A, which assigns each Local Government a percentage share. Counsel may make application for payment from the Attorney Fees Account at any time and the Local Governments shall cooperate with counsel in executing any documents necessary for the escrow agent to make payments out of the Attorney Fees Account.
3. Opioid Funds shall not be considered funds of the Local Government unless and until such time as an allocation is made to the Local Government following funding of the Attorney Fees Account as provided in Paragraphs 2 above.
4. The Escrow Agreement shall allocate Opioid Funds as follows: (i) 30% to the State of Wisconsin (“State Share”); (ii) 56% to Local Governments (“LG Share”); and (iii) 14% to the Attorney Fees Account.
5. The LG Share shall be paid to each Local Government by the Escrow Agent based on the allocation created and agreed to by the Local Governments and attached hereto as Exhibit A, which assigns each Local Government a percentage share of the LG Share.

6. Nothing in this MOU is intended to alter or change any Local Government's right to pursue its own claim. Rather, the intent of this MOU is to provide a mechanism for the receipt and expenditure of Opioid Funds.
7. This MOU may be executed in counterparts. Electronic signatures shall in all respects be considered valid and binding.

# EXHIBIT A

## Allocation of Proceeds Among the Local Governments

The following chart is agreed upon by and between the Local Governments identified below as representing the allocation of proceeds from the Settlement Agreements following (a) allocation to the Local Governments; and (b) allocation to the Attorney Fee Fund. The Local Governments shall cooperate with one another and the State in the negotiation and execution of an Escrow Agreement to effectuate the terms of the State-Local Government MOU, the Local Government MOU and the allocation set forth below. **The dollar figures below are estimates based upon full participation and qualification under the Settlement Agreements. The figures will be calculated consistent with the Settlement Agreements.**

Estimated Full Participation Total Cash Value to Wisconsin (Big 3 + J&J)	\$ 402,168,925.80
Local Government Percentage	70%
Estimated Amount to Local Government	\$ 281,518,248.06

Local Government Type	Wisconsin Litigating Local Government	Allocation Percentage	Estimated Amount to Litigating LG
County	Adams County	0.327%	\$ 920,857.75
County	Ashland County	0.225%	\$ 632,683.94
County	Barron County	0.478%	\$ 1,344,657.56
County	Bayfield County	0.124%	\$ 348,803.41
County	Brown County	2.900%	\$ 8,164,847.97
County	Buffalo County	0.126%	\$ 354,625.52
County	Burnett County	0.224%	\$ 629,898.53
County	Calumet County	0.386%	\$ 1,085,573.38
County	Chippewa County	0.696%	\$ 1,960,377.77
County	Clark County	0.261%	\$ 735,869.43
County	Columbia County	1.076%	\$ 3,027,919.34
County	Crawford County	0.195%	\$ 549,582.65
County	Dane County	8.248%	\$ 23,220,547.57
County	Dodge County	1.302%	\$ 3,665,587.68
County	Door County	0.282%	\$ 794,488.51
County	Douglas County	0.554%	\$ 1,559,112.49
City	Superior	0.089%	\$ 250,362.65
County	Dunn County	0.442%	\$ 1,245,283.66
County	Eau Claire County	1.177%	\$ 3,314,731.87

### Exhibit A – Local Government MOU

County	Florence County	0.053%	\$ 149,825.25
County	Fond Du Lac County	1.196%	\$ 3,367,738.26
County	Forest County	0.127%	\$ 356,238.12
County	Grant County	0.498%	\$ 1,400,826.32
County	Green County	0.466%	\$ 1,313,012.89
County	Green Lake County	0.280%	\$ 788,436.02
County	Iowa County	0.279%	\$ 784,771.02
County	Iron County	0.061%	\$ 172,904.29
County	Jackson County	0.236%	\$ 663,323.35
County	Jefferson County	1.051%	\$ 2,959,875.98
County	Juneau County	0.438%	\$ 1,232,571.35
County	Kenosha County	3.712%	\$ 10,448,562.62
City	Kenosha	0.484%	\$ 1,362,915.84
City	Pleasant Prairie	0.059%	\$ 166,668.88
County	Kewaunee County	0.156%	\$ 439,004.32
County	La Crosse County	1.649%	\$ 4,641,001.59
County	Lafayette County	0.134%	\$ 378,207.19
County	Langlade County	0.312%	\$ 879,642.19
County	Lincoln County	0.350%	\$ 984,084.26
County	Manitowoc County	1.403%	\$ 3,948,777.09
County	Marathon County	1.259%	\$ 3,543,763.04
County	Marinette County	0.503%	\$ 1,416,659.12
City	Marinette	0.032%	\$ 90,081.84
County	Marquette County	0.246%	\$ 693,899.93
County	Menominee County	0.080%	\$ 224,716.94
County	Milwaukee County	25.220%	\$ 71,000,000.00
City	Cudahy	0.087%	\$ 243,615.24
City	Franklin	0.155%	\$ 434,997.99
City	Greenfield	0.163%	\$ 458,534.05
City	Milwaukee	7.815%	\$ 22,000,000.00
City	Oak Creek	0.166%	\$ 466,459.26
City	South Milwaukee	0.096%	\$ 269,776.41
City	Wauwatosa	0.309%	\$ 870,694.67
City	West Allis	0.378%	\$ 1,064,393.09
County	Monroe County	0.655%	\$ 1,844,626.56
County	Oconto County	0.336%	\$ 945,758.82
County	Oneida County	0.526%	\$ 1,481,854.26
County	Outagamie County	1.836%	\$ 5,168,112.55
County	Ozaukee County	1.036%	\$ 2,915,812.19

**Exhibit A – Local Government MOU**

County	Pepin County	0.055%	\$ 155,731.14
County	Pierce County	0.387%	\$ 1,090,097.04
County	Portage County	0.729%	\$ 2,051,646.77
County	Price County	0.149%	\$ 418,982.95
County	Racine County	3.208%	\$ 9,032,259.53
City	Mount Pleasant	0.117%	\$ 328,726.36
City	Sturtevant	0.018%	\$ 51,024.75
City	Union Grove	0.007%	\$ 20,391.93
City	Yorkville Town	0.002%	\$ 5,789.19
County	Richland County	0.218%	\$ 613,039.53
County	Rock County	2.947%	\$ 8,296,997.44
County	Rusk County	0.159%	\$ 446,480.93
County	Sauk County	1.226%	\$ 3,452,494.04
County	Sawyer County	0.258%	\$ 726,277.60
County	Shawano County	0.418%	\$ 1,177,533.50
County	Sheboygan County	1.410%	\$ 3,968,065.47
County	St Croix County	0.829%	\$ 2,334,940.90
County	Taylor County	0.159%	\$ 446,606.58
County	Trempealeau County	0.320%	\$ 900,061.49
County	Vernon County	0.322%	\$ 907,265.83
County	Vilas County	0.468%	\$ 1,317,892.57
County	Walworth County	1.573%	\$ 4,428,578.12
County	Washburn County	0.185%	\$ 520,869.98
County	Washington County	1.991%	\$ 5,606,362.93
County	Waukesha County	6.035%	\$ 16,990,548.02
County	Waupaca County	0.606%	\$ 1,706,110.45
County	Waushara County	0.231%	\$ 649,836.14
County	Winnebago County	2.176%	\$ 6,126,478.97
County	Wood County	0.842%	\$ 2,369,203.43

**Exhibit A – Local Government MOU**

## **WISCONSIN STATE-LOCAL GOVERNMENT MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING**

**WHEREAS**, the State of Wisconsin (“State”), its communities, and their people have been harmed by misfeasance, nonfeasance and malfeasance committed by certain entities that engage in or have engaged in the manufacture, marketing, promotion, distribution or dispensing of an opioid analgesic, including but not limited to those persons or entities identified as Defendants in the matter captioned *In re: Opioid Litigation*, MDL 2804 pending in the United States District Court for the Northern District of Ohio (“Litigation”);

**WHEREAS**, certain Wisconsin local governments identified on the attached Exhibit A (“Local Governments”), through their counsel, and the State of Wisconsin, through its Attorney General, are separately engaged in investigations, litigation, and settlement discussions seeking to hold the Defendants in the Litigation accountable for the damage caused by their misfeasance, nonfeasance and malfeasance;

**WHEREAS**, the State of Wisconsin and the Local Governments share a common desire to abate and alleviate the impacts of the misfeasance, nonfeasance and malfeasance described above throughout the State of Wisconsin and in its local communities;

**WHEREAS**, the settlement discussions with McKesson Corporation, Cardinal Health, Inc., AmerisourceBergen Corporation, Johnson & Johnson, Janssen Pharmaceuticals, Inc., Ortho-McNeil-Janssen Pharmaceuticals, Inc., and Janssen Pharmaceutica, Inc. (“Settling Defendants”) resulted in tentative agreements as to settlement terms (“Settlement Agreements”) pending agreement from the State of Wisconsin, the Local Governments and other parties involved in the Litigation;

**WHEREAS**, the Settlement Agreements provide, among other things, for the payment of certain sums to Participating Subdivisions (as defined in the Settlement Agreements) upon the occurrence of certain events detailed in the Settlement Agreements;

**WHEREAS**, while the Local Governments and the State recognize that the sums which may be available from the aforementioned Settlement Agreements will likely be insufficient to fully abate the public health crisis caused by the Opioid epidemic, they share a common interest in dedicating the most resources possible to the abatement effort;

**WHEREAS**, the State of Wisconsin enacted Wis. Stat. § 165.12 which provides for an allocation of opioid settlement proceeds; and

**WHEREAS**, the State and the Local Governments intend this Memorandum of Understanding (“MOU”) to effectuate the terms of the Settlement Agreements in a manner consistent with Wis. Stat. § 165.12(2).

**NOW, THEREFORE**, the State and the Local Governments, enter into this MOU upon the terms described herein.

**A. Settlement Proceeds**

1. As used in this MOU, the term “Opioid Settlement Proceeds” shall mean all funds allocated by a Settlement Agreement to the State or Local Governments for purposes of opioid remediation activities, as well as any repayment of those funds and any interest or investment earnings that may accrue as those funds are temporarily held before being expended on opioid remediation strategies. “Opioid Settlement Proceeds” do ***not*** include the “additional restitution,” reimbursement of the United States Government, or separate funds identified in the Settlement Agreements as payment of the Parties’ litigation fees, expenses, and/or costs.
2. The Settlement Administrator shall directly distribute the Opioid Settlement Proceeds to the State and to Local Governments in such proportions and for such uses as set forth in this MOU.
3. Opioid Settlement Proceeds shall be allocated as follows: (i) 30% to the State of Wisconsin (“State Share”); and (ii) 70% to Local Governments (“LG Share”). Opioid Settlement Proceeds shall not be considered funds of the State or any Local Government unless and until such time as each annual distribution is made.
4. 100% of the “Additional Restitution Amount” identified in both Settlement Agreements shall be paid to the State and deposited with the Department of Health Services.
5. Except for Opioid Settlement Funds expended in payment of attorney fees as provided in Wis. Stat. § 165.12(6), all Opioid Settlement Proceeds, regardless of allocation, and the entire “Additional Restitution Amount,” shall, consistent with Wis. Stat. § 165.12(3) and (4), be utilized only for purposes identified as approved uses for abatement in the Settlement Agreements.
6. If any portion of the LG Share is used for the payment of owed attorney fees as authorized under Wis. Stat. § 165.12(6), the Local Governments shall report to the Attorney General and the Joint Committee on Finance the amount of the payment(s) and provide the contract(s) under which the attorney fees are purportedly owed.

Notwithstanding any limitations or characterization of funds herein to the contrary, any payments for attorneys’ fees and expenses may only be paid for out of the owing Local Governments’ share.

7. The LG Share shall be paid to each Local Government by the Settlement Administrator based on the allocation created and agreed to by the Local Governments which assigns

each Local Government a percentage share of the LG Share, less any applicable attorney fees as authorized under Wis. Stat. § 165.12(6) and referenced above.

8. Nothing in this MOU is intended to alter or change any Local Government's right to pursue its own claim. Rather, the intent of this MOU is to provide a mechanism for the receipt and expenditure of Opioid Settlement Proceeds. Notwithstanding the foregoing, only Local Governments who are Participating Subdivisions under the Settlement Agreements, and who agree to the terms of this MOU may directly receive Opioid Settlement Proceeds.
9. Notwithstanding any limitations or characterization of funds herein to the contrary, any payments for attorney's fees and expenses may be applied only to the LG Share or any Local Government share of the LG Share. The State shall have no responsibility for payment of attorneys' fees or litigation expenses.
10. The parties understand that the United States may claim a portion of the Opioid Settlement Proceeds for Medicaid reimbursement. The parties agree that, to the extent a claim for Medicaid reimbursement is made, the parties shall bear the liability for the reimbursement on a pro rata basis based upon the particular claims made by the United States related to the Medicaid reimbursement. The parties agree to meet, confer, and cooperate in good faith concerning the allocation of any such liability.
11. This MOU may be executed in counterparts. Electronic signatures shall in all respects be considered valid and binding.

*[Signatures on Following Page]*

**EXHIBIT A**  
Litigating Local Governments

Adams County  
Ashland County  
Barron County  
Bayfield County  
Brown County  
Buffalo County  
Burnett County  
Calumet County  
Chippewa County  
Clark County  
Columbia County  
Crawford County  
Dane County  
Dodge County  
Door County  
Douglas County  
City of Superior  
Dunn County  
Eau Claire County  
Florence County  
Fond Du Lac County  
Forest County  
Grant County  
Green County  
Green Lake County  
Iowa County  
Iron County  
Jackson County  
Jefferson County

Juneau County  
Kenosha County  
City of Kenosha  
Village of Pleasant Prairie  
Kewaunee County  
La Crosse County  
Lafayette County  
Langlade County  
Lincoln County  
Manitowoc County  
Marathon County  
Marinette County  
City of Marinette  
Marquette County  
Menominee County  
Milwaukee County  
City of Cudahy  
City of Franklin  
City of Greenfield  
City of Milwaukee  
City of Oak Creek  
City of South Milwaukee  
City of Wauwatosa  
City of West Allis  
Monroe County  
Oconto County  
Oneida County  
Outagamie County  
Ozaukee County

Pepin County  
Pierce County  
Portage County  
Price County  
Racine County  
Village of Mount Pleasant  
Village of Sturtevant  
Village of Union Grove  
Town of Yorkville  
Richland County  
Rock County  
Rusk County  
Sauk County  
Sawyer County  
Shawano County  
Sheboygan County  
St Croix County  
Taylor County  
Trempealeau County  
Vernon County  
Vilas County  
Walworth County  
Washburn County  
Washington County  
Waukesha County  
Waupaca County  
Waushara County  
Winnebago County  
Wood County

**EXHIBIT E**

**List of Opioid Remediation Uses**

**Schedule A  
Core Strategies**

States and Qualifying Block Grantees shall choose from among the abatement strategies listed in Schedule B. However, priority shall be given to the following core abatement strategies (“*Core Strategies*”).<sup>14</sup>

- A. **NALOXONE OR OTHER FDA-APPROVED DRUG TO REVERSE OPIOID OVERDOSES**
  - 1. Expand training for first responders, schools, community support groups and families; and
  - 2. Increase distribution to individuals who are uninsured or whose insurance does not cover the needed service.
  
- B. **MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT (“MAT”) DISTRIBUTION AND OTHER OPIOID-RELATED TREATMENT**
  - 1. Increase distribution of MAT to individuals who are uninsured or whose insurance does not cover the needed service;
  - 2. Provide education to school-based and youth-focused programs that discourage or prevent misuse;
  - 3. Provide MAT education and awareness training to healthcare providers, EMTs, law enforcement, and other first responders; and
  - 4. Provide treatment and recovery support services such as residential and inpatient treatment, intensive outpatient treatment, outpatient therapy or counseling, and recovery housing that allow or integrate medication and with other support services.

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<sup>14</sup> As used in this Schedule A, words like “expand,” “fund,” “provide” or the like shall not indicate a preference for new or existing programs.

C. **PREGNANT & POSTPARTUM WOMEN**

1. Expand Screening, Brief Intervention, and Referral to Treatment (“*SBIRT*”) services to non-Medicaid eligible or uninsured pregnant women;
2. Expand comprehensive evidence-based treatment and recovery services, including MAT, for women with co-occurring Opioid Use Disorder (“*OUD*”) and other Substance Use Disorder (“*SUD*”)/Mental Health disorders for uninsured individuals for up to 12 months postpartum; and
3. Provide comprehensive wrap-around services to individuals with OUD, including housing, transportation, job placement/training, and childcare.

D. **EXPANDING TREATMENT FOR NEONATAL ABSTINENCE SYNDROME (“*NAS*”)**

1. Expand comprehensive evidence-based and recovery support for NAS babies;
2. Expand services for better continuum of care with infant-need dyad; and
3. Expand long-term treatment and services for medical monitoring of NAS babies and their families.

E. **EXPANSION OF WARM HAND-OFF PROGRAMS AND RECOVERY SERVICES**

1. Expand services such as navigators and on-call teams to begin MAT in hospital emergency departments;
2. Expand warm hand-off services to transition to recovery services;
3. Broaden scope of recovery services to include co-occurring SUD or mental health conditions;
4. Provide comprehensive wrap-around services to individuals in recovery, including housing, transportation, job placement/training, and childcare; and
5. Hire additional social workers or other behavioral health workers to facilitate expansions above.

F. **TREATMENT FOR INCARCERATED POPULATION**

1. Provide evidence-based treatment and recovery support, including MAT for persons with OUD and co-occurring SUD/MH disorders within and transitioning out of the criminal justice system; and
2. Increase funding for jails to provide treatment to inmates with OUD.

G. **PREVENTION PROGRAMS**

1. Funding for media campaigns to prevent opioid use (similar to the FDA's "Real Cost" campaign to prevent youth from misusing tobacco);
2. Funding for evidence-based prevention programs in schools;
3. Funding for medical provider education and outreach regarding best prescribing practices for opioids consistent with the 2016 CDC guidelines, including providers at hospitals (academic detailing);
4. Funding for community drug disposal programs; and
5. Funding and training for first responders to participate in pre-arrest diversion programs, post-overdose response teams, or similar strategies that connect at-risk individuals to behavioral health services and supports.

H. **EXPANDING SYRINGE SERVICE PROGRAMS**

1. Provide comprehensive syringe services programs with more wrap-around services, including linkage to OUD treatment, access to sterile syringes and linkage to care and treatment of infectious diseases.

I. **EVIDENCE-BASED DATA COLLECTION AND RESEARCH ANALYZING THE EFFECTIVENESS OF THE ABATEMENT STRATEGIES WITHIN THE STATE**

**Schedule B  
Approved Uses**

Support treatment of Opioid Use Disorder (OUD) and any co-occurring Substance Use Disorder or Mental Health (SUD/MH) conditions through evidence-based or evidence-informed programs or strategies that may include, but are not limited to, the following:

PART ONE: TREATMENT
---------------------

**A. TREAT OPIOID USE DISORDER (OUD)**

Support treatment of Opioid Use Disorder (“*OUD*”) and any co-occurring Substance Use Disorder or Mental Health (“*SUD/MH*”) conditions through evidence-based or evidence-informed programs or strategies that may include, but are not limited to, those that:<sup>15</sup>

1. Expand availability of treatment for OUD and any co-occurring SUD/MH conditions, including all forms of Medication-Assisted Treatment (“*MAT*”) approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration.
2. Support and reimburse evidence-based services that adhere to the American Society of Addiction Medicine (“*ASAM*”) continuum of care for OUD and any co-occurring SUD/MH conditions.
3. Expand telehealth to increase access to treatment for OUD and any co-occurring SUD/MH conditions, including *MAT*, as well as counseling, psychiatric support, and other treatment and recovery support services.
4. Improve oversight of Opioid Treatment Programs (“*OTPs*”) to assure evidence-based or evidence-informed practices such as adequate methadone dosing and low threshold approaches to treatment.
5. Support mobile intervention, treatment, and recovery services, offered by qualified professionals and service providers, such as peer recovery coaches, for persons with OUD and any co-occurring SUD/MH conditions and for persons who have experienced an opioid overdose.
6. Provide treatment of trauma for individuals with OUD (*e.g.*, violence, sexual assault, human trafficking, or adverse childhood experiences) and family members (*e.g.*, surviving family members after an overdose or overdose fatality), and training of health care personnel to identify and address such trauma.
7. Support evidence-based withdrawal management services for people with OUD and any co-occurring mental health conditions.

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<sup>15</sup> As used in this Schedule B, words like “expand,” “fund,” “provide” or the like shall not indicate a preference for new or existing programs.

8. Provide training on MAT for health care providers, first responders, students, or other supporting professionals, such as peer recovery coaches or recovery outreach specialists, including telementoring to assist community-based providers in rural or underserved areas.
9. Support workforce development for addiction professionals who work with persons with OUD and any co-occurring SUD/MH conditions.
10. Offer fellowships for addiction medicine specialists for direct patient care, instructors, and clinical research for treatments.
11. Offer scholarships and supports for behavioral health practitioners or workers involved in addressing OUD and any co-occurring SUD/MH or mental health conditions, including, but not limited to, training, scholarships, fellowships, loan repayment programs, or other incentives for providers to work in rural or underserved areas.
12. Provide funding and training for clinicians to obtain a waiver under the federal Drug Addiction Treatment Act of 2000 (“*DATA 2000*”) to prescribe MAT for OUD, and provide technical assistance and professional support to clinicians who have obtained a DATA 2000 waiver.
13. Disseminate of web-based training curricula, such as the American Academy of Addiction Psychiatry’s Provider Clinical Support Service–Opioids web-based training curriculum and motivational interviewing.
14. Develop and disseminate new curricula, such as the American Academy of Addiction Psychiatry’s Provider Clinical Support Service for Medication–Assisted Treatment.

**B. SUPPORT PEOPLE IN TREATMENT AND RECOVERY**

Support people in recovery from OUD and any co-occurring SUD/MH conditions through evidence-based or evidence-informed programs or strategies that may include, but are not limited to, the programs or strategies that:

1. Provide comprehensive wrap-around services to individuals with OUD and any co-occurring SUD/MH conditions, including housing, transportation, education, job placement, job training, or childcare.
2. Provide the full continuum of care of treatment and recovery services for OUD and any co-occurring SUD/MH conditions, including supportive housing, peer support services and counseling, community navigators, case management, and connections to community-based services.
3. Provide counseling, peer-support, recovery case management and residential treatment with access to medications for those who need it to persons with OUD and any co-occurring SUD/MH conditions.

4. Provide access to housing for people with OUD and any co-occurring SUD/MH conditions, including supportive housing, recovery housing, housing assistance programs, training for housing providers, or recovery housing programs that allow or integrate FDA-approved medication with other support services.
5. Provide community support services, including social and legal services, to assist in deinstitutionalizing persons with OUD and any co-occurring SUD/MH conditions.
6. Support or expand peer-recovery centers, which may include support groups, social events, computer access, or other services for persons with OUD and any co-occurring SUD/MH conditions.
7. Provide or support transportation to treatment or recovery programs or services for persons with OUD and any co-occurring SUD/MH conditions.
8. Provide employment training or educational services for persons in treatment for or recovery from OUD and any co-occurring SUD/MH conditions.
9. Identify successful recovery programs such as physician, pilot, and college recovery programs, and provide support and technical assistance to increase the number and capacity of high-quality programs to help those in recovery.
10. Engage non-profits, faith-based communities, and community coalitions to support people in treatment and recovery and to support family members in their efforts to support the person with OUD in the family.
11. Provide training and development of procedures for government staff to appropriately interact and provide social and other services to individuals with or in recovery from OUD, including reducing stigma.
12. Support stigma reduction efforts regarding treatment and support for persons with OUD, including reducing the stigma on effective treatment.
13. Create or support culturally appropriate services and programs for persons with OUD and any co-occurring SUD/MH conditions, including new Americans.
14. Create and/or support recovery high schools.
15. Hire or train behavioral health workers to provide or expand any of the services or supports listed above.

C. **CONNECT PEOPLE WHO NEED HELP TO THE HELP THEY NEED  
(CONNECTIONS TO CARE)**

Provide connections to care for people who have—or are at risk of developing—OUD and any co-occurring SUD/MH conditions through evidence-based or evidence-informed programs or strategies that may include, but are not limited to, those that:

1. Ensure that health care providers are screening for OUD and other risk factors and know how to appropriately counsel and treat (or refer if necessary) a patient for OUD treatment.
2. Fund SBIRT programs to reduce the transition from use to disorders, including SBIRT services to pregnant women who are uninsured or not eligible for Medicaid.
3. Provide training and long-term implementation of SBIRT in key systems (health, schools, colleges, criminal justice, and probation), with a focus on youth and young adults when transition from misuse to opioid disorder is common.
4. Purchase automated versions of SBIRT and support ongoing costs of the technology.
5. Expand services such as navigators and on-call teams to begin MAT in hospital emergency departments.
6. Provide training for emergency room personnel treating opioid overdose patients on post-discharge planning, including community referrals for MAT, recovery case management or support services.
7. Support hospital programs that transition persons with OUD and any co-occurring SUD/MH conditions, or persons who have experienced an opioid overdose, into clinically appropriate follow-up care through a bridge clinic or similar approach.
8. Support crisis stabilization centers that serve as an alternative to hospital emergency departments for persons with OUD and any co-occurring SUD/MH conditions or persons that have experienced an opioid overdose.
9. Support the work of Emergency Medical Systems, including peer support specialists, to connect individuals to treatment or other appropriate services following an opioid overdose or other opioid-related adverse event.
10. Provide funding for peer support specialists or recovery coaches in emergency departments, detox facilities, recovery centers, recovery housing, or similar settings; offer services, supports, or connections to care to persons with OUD and any co-occurring SUD/MH conditions or to persons who have experienced an opioid overdose.
11. Expand warm hand-off services to transition to recovery services.
12. Create or support school-based contacts that parents can engage with to seek immediate treatment services for their child; and support prevention, intervention, treatment, and recovery programs focused on young people.
13. Develop and support best practices on addressing OUD in the workplace.

14. Support assistance programs for health care providers with OUD.
15. Engage non-profits and the faith community as a system to support outreach for treatment.
16. Support centralized call centers that provide information and connections to appropriate services and supports for persons with OUD and any co-occurring SUD/MH conditions.

**D. ADDRESS THE NEEDS OF CRIMINAL JUSTICE-INVOLVED PERSONS**

Address the needs of persons with OUD and any co-occurring SUD/MH conditions who are involved in, are at risk of becoming involved in, or are transitioning out of the criminal justice system through evidence-based or evidence-informed programs or strategies that may include, but are not limited to, those that:

1. Support pre-arrest or pre-arraignment diversion and deflection strategies for persons with OUD and any co-occurring SUD/MH conditions, including established strategies such as:
  1. Self-referral strategies such as the Angel Programs or the Police Assisted Addiction Recovery Initiative (“*PAARP*”);
  2. Active outreach strategies such as the Drug Abuse Response Team (“*DART*”) model;
  3. “Naloxone Plus” strategies, which work to ensure that individuals who have received naloxone to reverse the effects of an overdose are then linked to treatment programs or other appropriate services;
  4. Officer prevention strategies, such as the Law Enforcement Assisted Diversion (“*LEAD*”) model;
  5. Officer intervention strategies such as the Leon County, Florida Adult Civil Citation Network or the Chicago Westside Narcotics Diversion to Treatment Initiative; or
  6. Co-responder and/or alternative responder models to address OUD-related 911 calls with greater SUD expertise.
2. Support pre-trial services that connect individuals with OUD and any co-occurring SUD/MH conditions to evidence-informed treatment, including MAT, and related services.
3. Support treatment and recovery courts that provide evidence-based options for persons with OUD and any co-occurring SUD/MH conditions.

4. Provide evidence-informed treatment, including MAT, recovery support, harm reduction, or other appropriate services to individuals with OUD and any co-occurring SUD/MH conditions who are incarcerated in jail or prison.
5. Provide evidence-informed treatment, including MAT, recovery support, harm reduction, or other appropriate services to individuals with OUD and any co-occurring SUD/MH conditions who are leaving jail or prison or have recently left jail or prison, are on probation or parole, are under community corrections supervision, or are in re-entry programs or facilities.
6. Support critical time interventions (“*CTP*”), particularly for individuals living with dual-diagnosis OUD/serious mental illness, and services for individuals who face immediate risks and service needs and risks upon release from correctional settings.
7. Provide training on best practices for addressing the needs of criminal justice-involved persons with OUD and any co-occurring SUD/MH conditions to law enforcement, correctional, or judicial personnel or to providers of treatment, recovery, harm reduction, case management, or other services offered in connection with any of the strategies described in this section.

**E. ADDRESS THE NEEDS OF PREGNANT OR PARENTING WOMEN AND THEIR FAMILIES, INCLUDING BABIES WITH NEONATAL ABSTINENCE SYNDROME**

Address the needs of pregnant or parenting women with OUD and any co-occurring SUD/MH conditions, and the needs of their families, including babies with neonatal abstinence syndrome (“*NAS*”), through evidence-based or evidence-informed programs or strategies that may include, but are not limited to, those that:

1. Support evidence-based or evidence-informed treatment, including MAT, recovery services and supports, and prevention services for pregnant women—or women who could become pregnant—who have OUD and any co-occurring SUD/MH conditions, and other measures to educate and provide support to families affected by Neonatal Abstinence Syndrome.
2. Expand comprehensive evidence-based treatment and recovery services, including MAT, for uninsured women with OUD and any co-occurring SUD/MH conditions for up to 12 months postpartum.
3. Provide training for obstetricians or other healthcare personnel who work with pregnant women and their families regarding treatment of OUD and any co-occurring SUD/MH conditions.
4. Expand comprehensive evidence-based treatment and recovery support for NAS babies; expand services for better continuum of care with infant-need dyad; and expand long-term treatment and services for medical monitoring of NAS babies and their families.

5. Provide training to health care providers who work with pregnant or parenting women on best practices for compliance with federal requirements that children born with NAS get referred to appropriate services and receive a plan of safe care.
6. Provide child and family supports for parenting women with OUD and any co-occurring SUD/MH conditions.
7. Provide enhanced family support and child care services for parents with OUD and any co-occurring SUD/MH conditions.
8. Provide enhanced support for children and family members suffering trauma as a result of addiction in the family; and offer trauma-informed behavioral health treatment for adverse childhood events.
9. Offer home-based wrap-around services to persons with OUD and any co-occurring SUD/MH conditions, including, but not limited to, parent skills training.
10. Provide support for Children’s Services—Fund additional positions and services, including supportive housing and other residential services, relating to children being removed from the home and/or placed in foster care due to custodial opioid use.

PART TWO: PREVENTION
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**F. PREVENT OVER-PRESCRIBING AND ENSURE APPROPRIATE PRESCRIBING AND DISPENSING OF OPIOIDS**

Support efforts to prevent over-prescribing and ensure appropriate prescribing and dispensing of opioids through evidence-based or evidence-informed programs or strategies that may include, but are not limited to, the following:

1. Funding medical provider education and outreach regarding best prescribing practices for opioids consistent with the Guidelines for Prescribing Opioids for Chronic Pain from the U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, including providers at hospitals (academic detailing).
2. Training for health care providers regarding safe and responsible opioid prescribing, dosing, and tapering patients off opioids.
3. Continuing Medical Education (CME) on appropriate prescribing of opioids.
4. Providing Support for non-opioid pain treatment alternatives, including training providers to offer or refer to multi-modal, evidence-informed treatment of pain.
5. Supporting enhancements or improvements to Prescription Drug Monitoring Programs (“PDMPs”), including, but not limited to, improvements that:

1. Increase the number of prescribers using PDMPs;
2. Improve point-of-care decision-making by increasing the quantity, quality, or format of data available to prescribers using PDMPs, by improving the interface that prescribers use to access PDMP data, or both; or
3. Enable states to use PDMP data in support of surveillance or intervention strategies, including MAT referrals and follow-up for individuals identified within PDMP data as likely to experience OUD in a manner that complies with all relevant privacy and security laws and rules.
6. Ensuring PDMPs incorporate available overdose/naloxone deployment data, including the United States Department of Transportation’s Emergency Medical Technician overdose database in a manner that complies with all relevant privacy and security laws and rules.
7. Increasing electronic prescribing to prevent diversion or forgery.
8. Educating dispensers on appropriate opioid dispensing.

**G. PREVENT MISUSE OF OPIOIDS**

Support efforts to discourage or prevent misuse of opioids through evidence-based or evidence-informed programs or strategies that may include, but are not limited to, the following:

1. Funding media campaigns to prevent opioid misuse.
2. Corrective advertising or affirmative public education campaigns based on evidence.
3. Public education relating to drug disposal.
4. Drug take-back disposal or destruction programs.
5. Funding community anti-drug coalitions that engage in drug prevention efforts.
6. Supporting community coalitions in implementing evidence-informed prevention, such as reduced social access and physical access, stigma reduction—including staffing, educational campaigns, support for people in treatment or recovery, or training of coalitions in evidence-informed implementation, including the Strategic Prevention Framework developed by the U.S. Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (“SAMHSA”).
7. Engaging non-profits and faith-based communities as systems to support prevention.

8. Funding evidence-based prevention programs in schools or evidence-informed school and community education programs and campaigns for students, families, school employees, school athletic programs, parent-teacher and student associations, and others.
9. School-based or youth-focused programs or strategies that have demonstrated effectiveness in preventing drug misuse and seem likely to be effective in preventing the uptake and use of opioids.
10. Create or support community-based education or intervention services for families, youth, and adolescents at risk for OUD and any co-occurring SUD/MH conditions.
11. Support evidence-informed programs or curricula to address mental health needs of young people who may be at risk of misusing opioids or other drugs, including emotional modulation and resilience skills.
12. Support greater access to mental health services and supports for young people, including services and supports provided by school nurses, behavioral health workers or other school staff, to address mental health needs in young people that (when not properly addressed) increase the risk of opioid or another drug misuse.

#### **H. PREVENT OVERDOSE DEATHS AND OTHER HARMS (HARM REDUCTION)**

Support efforts to prevent or reduce overdose deaths or other opioid-related harms through evidence-based or evidence-informed programs or strategies that may include, but are not limited to, the following:

1. Increased availability and distribution of naloxone and other drugs that treat overdoses for first responders, overdose patients, individuals with OUD and their friends and family members, schools, community navigators and outreach workers, persons being released from jail or prison, or other members of the general public.
2. Public health entities providing free naloxone to anyone in the community.
3. Training and education regarding naloxone and other drugs that treat overdoses for first responders, overdose patients, patients taking opioids, families, schools, community support groups, and other members of the general public.
4. Enabling school nurses and other school staff to respond to opioid overdoses, and provide them with naloxone, training, and support.
5. Expanding, improving, or developing data tracking software and applications for overdoses/naloxone revivals.
6. Public education relating to emergency responses to overdoses.

7. Public education relating to immunity and Good Samaritan laws.
8. Educating first responders regarding the existence and operation of immunity and Good Samaritan laws.
9. Syringe service programs and other evidence-informed programs to reduce harms associated with intravenous drug use, including supplies, staffing, space, peer support services, referrals to treatment, fentanyl checking, connections to care, and the full range of harm reduction and treatment services provided by these programs.
10. Expanding access to testing and treatment for infectious diseases such as HIV and Hepatitis C resulting from intravenous opioid use.
11. Supporting mobile units that offer or provide referrals to harm reduction services, treatment, recovery supports, health care, or other appropriate services to persons that use opioids or persons with OUD and any co-occurring SUD/MH conditions.
12. Providing training in harm reduction strategies to health care providers, students, peer recovery coaches, recovery outreach specialists, or other professionals that provide care to persons who use opioids or persons with OUD and any co-occurring SUD/MH conditions.
13. Supporting screening for fentanyl in routine clinical toxicology testing.

<b>PART THREE: OTHER STRATEGIES</b>
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**I. FIRST RESPONDERS**

In addition to items in section C, D and H relating to first responders, support the following:

1. Education of law enforcement or other first responders regarding appropriate practices and precautions when dealing with fentanyl or other drugs.
2. Provision of wellness and support services for first responders and others who experience secondary trauma associated with opioid-related emergency events.

**J. LEADERSHIP, PLANNING AND COORDINATION**

Support efforts to provide leadership, planning, coordination, facilitations, training and technical assistance to abate the opioid epidemic through activities, programs, or strategies that may include, but are not limited to, the following:

1. Statewide, regional, local or community regional planning to identify root causes of addiction and overdose, goals for reducing harms related to the opioid epidemic, and areas and populations with the greatest needs for treatment

intervention services, and to support training and technical assistance and other strategies to abate the opioid epidemic described in this opioid abatement strategy list.

2. A dashboard to (a) share reports, recommendations, or plans to spend opioid settlement funds; (b) to show how opioid settlement funds have been spent; (c) to report program or strategy outcomes; or (d) to track, share or visualize key opioid- or health-related indicators and supports as identified through collaborative statewide, regional, local or community processes.
3. Invest in infrastructure or staffing at government or not-for-profit agencies to support collaborative, cross-system coordination with the purpose of preventing overprescribing, opioid misuse, or opioid overdoses, treating those with OUD and any co-occurring SUD/MH conditions, supporting them in treatment or recovery, connecting them to care, or implementing other strategies to abate the opioid epidemic described in this opioid abatement strategy list.
4. Provide resources to staff government oversight and management of opioid abatement programs.

#### **K. TRAINING**

In addition to the training referred to throughout this document, support training to abate the opioid epidemic through activities, programs, or strategies that may include, but are not limited to, those that:

1. Provide funding for staff training or networking programs and services to improve the capability of government, community, and not-for-profit entities to abate the opioid crisis.
2. Support infrastructure and staffing for collaborative cross-system coordination to prevent opioid misuse, prevent overdoses, and treat those with OUD and any co-occurring SUD/MH conditions, or implement other strategies to abate the opioid epidemic described in this opioid abatement strategy list (*e.g.*, health care, primary care, pharmacies, PDMPs, etc.).

#### **L. RESEARCH**

Support opioid abatement research that may include, but is not limited to, the following:

1. Monitoring, surveillance, data collection and evaluation of programs and strategies described in this opioid abatement strategy list.
2. Research non-opioid treatment of chronic pain.
3. Research on improved service delivery for modalities such as SBIRT that demonstrate promising but mixed results in populations vulnerable to opioid use disorders.

4. Research on novel harm reduction and prevention efforts such as the provision of fentanyl test strips.
5. Research on innovative supply-side enforcement efforts such as improved detection of mail-based delivery of synthetic opioids.
6. Expanded research on swift/certain/fair models to reduce and deter opioid misuse within criminal justice populations that build upon promising approaches used to address other substances (*e.g.*, Hawaii HOPE and Dakota 24/7).
7. Epidemiological surveillance of OUD-related behaviors in critical populations, including individuals entering the criminal justice system, including, but not limited to approaches modeled on the Arrestee Drug Abuse Monitoring (“*ADAM*”) system.
8. Qualitative and quantitative research regarding public health risks and harm reduction opportunities within illicit drug markets, including surveys of market participants who sell or distribute illicit opioids.
9. Geospatial analysis of access barriers to MAT and their association with treatment engagement and treatment outcomes.

**RESOLUTION NO. 2021-\_\_**

**Engage Ehlers Investment Advisory Services to manage bond proceeds**

Executive Summary

On August 10, 2021, Jefferson County approved the issuance of up to \$36,000,000 of general obligation debt to finance improvements to its facilities. On October 28, 2021, Jefferson County sold its first round of general obligation bonds in the amount of \$8 million. The proceeds of these bonds are currently invested in the Wisconsin Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) which, as of October 2021, is earning a 0.05% (5 basis points) rate of return.

The County has engaged Ehlers as bond consultants and also engages Ehlers to perform its arbitrage study. Ehlers also offers a service whereby it manages bond proceeds, investing them in short duration securities based on estimated draws. On November 4, 2021, Ehlers presented an investment strategy to the Finance Committee, which included an estimated rate of return of 0.44% (44 basis points), or \$160,000, on the bond proceeds net of related fees. Ehlers has proposed an investment fee of 0.07% (7 basis points) of total investments managed.

On December 2, 2021 the Finance Committee voted unanimously to engage Ehlers Investment Advisory Services to manage its bond proceeds.

WHEREAS, Jefferson County engages Ehlers for bond advisory and arbitrage study services, and

WHEREAS, Jefferson County has authorized the issuance of \$36 million in bonds to finance improvements to its facilities, and

WHEREAS, Jefferson County currently invests its bond funds in LGIP, which is earning a rate of return of 0.05%, and

WHEREAS, Ehlers Investment Advisory Services is proposing to manage the investment of bond proceeds for Jefferson County at a fee of 0.07% and estimated return on investment net of fees of 0.44%, and

WHEREAS, Ehlers provides Jefferson County with debt consulting and arbitrage study services,

AND WHEREAS, the Finance Committee recommends that the County Administrator contract with Ehlers Investment Advisory Services for investment advisory services related to the issuance of its debt following passage of this resolution,

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that the County Administrator is hereby directed to contract with Ehlers Investment Advisory Services at the price of 7 basis points contained in its proposal for investment advisory services for investment of debt proceeds.

*Fiscal Note: The cost of Investment Advisory Services shall be 7 basis points. Estimated earnings on the bond proceeds are \$160,000 over the next three years, net of fees. The investment income is intended to supplement any proposed issuance of debt and will be used for debt-related purposes such as further improvements to County campuses.*

Ayes: \_\_\_\_ Noes: \_\_\_\_ Abstain \_\_\_\_

Requested by  
Finance Committee

12-14-21

APPROVED: Administrator: BPW Corp Counsel: JBW Finance Director: 

**REPORT**  
**TO THE HONORABLE MEMBERS OF THE JEFFERSON COUNTY**  
**BOARD OF SUPERVISORS**

The Jefferson County Planning and Zoning Committee, having considered petitions to amend the official zoning map of Jefferson County, filed for public hearing held on November 18, 2021 as required by law pursuant to Wisconsin Statutes, notice thereof having been given, and being duly advised of the wishes of the town boards and persons in the areas affected, hereby makes the following recommendation:

**APPROVAL OF PETITION R4360A-21**

**DATED THIS 29<sup>th</sup> DAY OF NOVEMBER, 2021**

**Blane Poulson, Secretary**

**THE PRIOR MONTH'S AMENDMENTS, R4357A-21 AND R4359A-21 ARE  
EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE BY COUNTY BOARD, SUBJECT TO WIS. STATS.**

**59.69(5)**

**ORDINANCE NO. \_\_\_\_\_**

**Amending Official Zoning Map**

WHEREAS, the Jefferson County Board of Supervisors has heretofore been petitioned to amend the official zoning map of Jefferson County, and

WHEREAS, Petition R4361A-20 was referred to the Jefferson County Planning and Zoning Committee for public hearing on December 18, 2021, and

WHEREAS, the proposed amendment has been given due consideration by the Board of Supervisors in open session,

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED that the Jefferson County Board of Supervisors does amend the official zoning map of Jefferson County as follows:

**FROM A-1, EXCLUSIVE AGRICULTURAL TO A-3, AGRICULTURAL/RURAL RESIDENTIAL**

Create a 1.03-acre farm consolidation lot around the home at **N4614 Paradise Rd.** The site is in the Town of Jefferson, part of PIN 014-0615-0441-000 (40.254 Acres). This is in accordance with Sec. 11.04(f)8 of the Jefferson County Zoning Ordinance. Rezoning is conditioned upon receipt and recording of a final certified survey map for the lot. R4360A-21 – Jeffrey & Rebecca Weber

The above zoning amendment shall be null and void and have no effect one year from the date of County Board approval unless all applicable conditions have been completed.

AYES \_\_\_\_\_ NOES \_\_\_\_\_ ABSTAIN \_\_\_\_\_ ABSENT \_\_\_\_\_ VACANT \_\_\_\_\_

Referred by the  
Planning and Zoning Committee

County Board Action  
December 14, 2021

REVIEWED: County Administrator BPW Corporation Counsel JBW Finance Director MAD

TO THE JEFFERSON COUNTY BOARD OF SUPERVISORS:

**APPOINTMENTS BY COUNTY ADMINISTRATOR**

By virtue of the authority vested in me under Sections 59.18(2)(b) of the Wisconsin Statutes, I respectfully request confirmation of the following appointments:

- a. Michael Clish, Fort Atkinson, WI, to the Veterans Service Commission for a three-term ending December 13, 2024.

AYES \_\_\_\_\_ NOES \_\_\_\_\_ ABSTAIN \_\_\_\_\_ ABSENT \_\_\_\_\_

- b. Brandon White, Jefferson, WI, to the Veterans Service Commission for a three-term ending December 13, 2024.

AYES \_\_\_\_\_ NOES \_\_\_\_\_ ABSTAIN \_\_\_\_\_ ABSENT \_\_\_\_\_